

A proof system for exception handling in multithreaded Java

Erika Ábrahám Frank S. de Boer Willem-Paul de Roever Martin Steffen

Christian-Albrechts University Kiel

FSEN'05, Tehran

Oct. 2, 2005



C | A | U

Structure

introduction

The programming language

The assertional proof system

assertion language

verification conditions

conclusion

introduction

The programming language

The assertional proof system
assertion language
verification conditions

conclusion

Motivation

- Safety-critical Java application areas
→ need for verification
- model checking: mostly for finite state systems
- existing deductive methods: mostly for sequential Java

introduction

The programming language

The assertional proof system
assertion language
verification conditions

conclusion

Multithreaded core of Java with exceptions

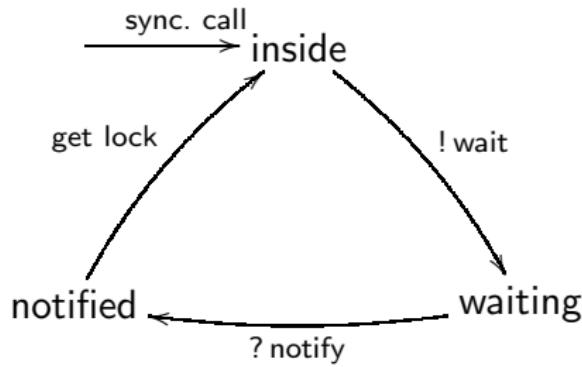
- class-based object-oriented language
 - dynamically heap-allocated objects, aliasing
 - method invocation, recursion, self-calls
 - multithreading
 - wait & notify monitor synchronization
 - here in particular: exception handling
 - not covered (yet): inheritance, polymorphism, inner classes
- ...

Multithreading

- threads = sequential sequence of actions
- method calls/returns: stack of method bodies, each with local variables
- running in parallel
- sharing instance states
- dynamically created as instances of thread classes (+ explicitly started)

Monitors

- each object can act as **monitor**:
 - mutual exclusion between *synchronized* methods of a single instance
 - monitor coordination via methods: *wait*, *notify*, *notifyAll*



Exceptions

```
class Inc extends Thread{
    int x;
    public void m(){
        E v;
        try{
            /*statements possibly throwing exceptions*/
            ... throw v; ...
        }
        catch (E1 u){/*handle exceptions of type E1*/}
        ...
        catch (En u){/*handle exceptions of type En*/}
        finally{/*clean up*/}
    }
}
class E extends Exception{...} ...
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{  
    try{  
        v = new E();  
        throw v;  
        stmt;  
    }  
    catch (E u){  
        stmt;  
    }  
    finally{  
        stmt;  
    }  
    stmt;  
}  
catch (E w){  
    stmt;  
}  
finally{  
    stmt;  
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{  
    try{  
        v = new E();  
        throw v;      // v IS THROWN  
        stmt;  
    }  
    catch (E u){  
        stmt;  
    }  
    finally{  
        stmt;  
    }  
    stmt;  
}  
catch (E w){  
    stmt;  
}  
finally{  
    stmt;  
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v;      // v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E u){   // v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
catch (E w){
    stmt;
}
finally{
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v;      // v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E u){   // v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
catch (E w){
    stmt;
}
finally{
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v;      // v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E u){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
catch (E w){
    stmt;
}
finally{
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
try{
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v;      // v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E u){   // v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
catch (E w){
    stmt;
}
finally{
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();
    }
    catch (E w){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v;
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();
    }
    catch (E w){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v;
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();
    }
    catch (E w){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v; //v IS THROWN
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2(); //v IS RETHROWN
    }
    catch (E w){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v; //v IS THROWN
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();    //v IS RETHROWN
    }
    catch (E w){   //v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v;    //v IS THROWN
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();      //v IS RETHROWN
    }
    catch (E w){      //v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v;    //v IS THROWN
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m1(){
    try{
        this.m2();      //v IS RETHROWN
    }
    catch (E w){     //v IS CAUGHT
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        stmt;
    }
    stmt;
}
void m2(){
    v = new E();
    throw v;      //v IS THROWN
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m() {
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v;
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E' u){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        u = new E''();
        throw u;
    }
    stmt;
}
```

Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m(){
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v; //v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E' u){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        u = new E''();
        throw u;
    }
    stmt;
}
```

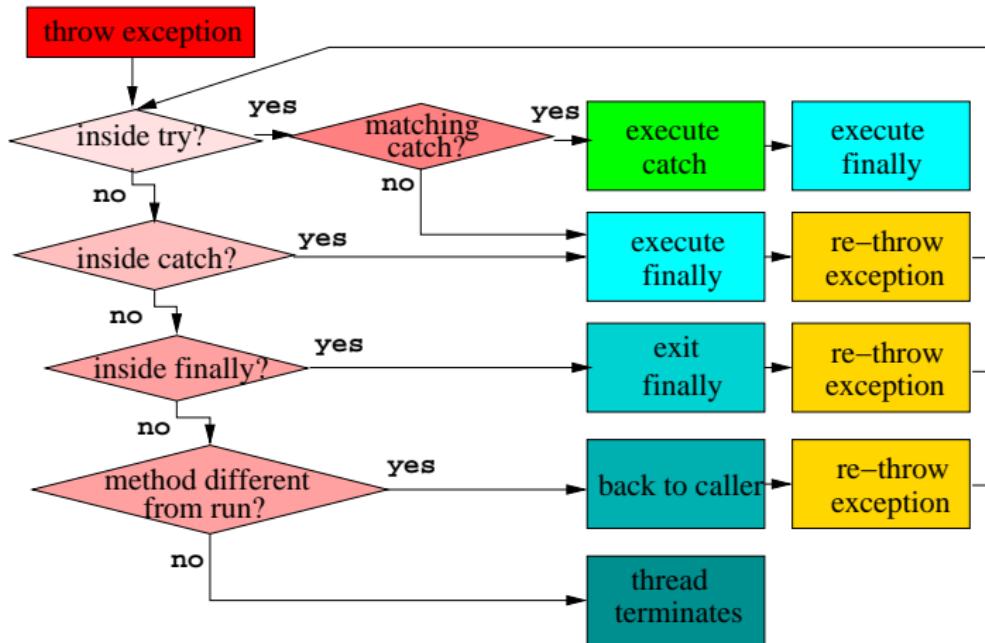
Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m(){
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v; //v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E' u){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        u = new E''();
        throw u; //u IS THROWN
    }
    stmt;
}
```

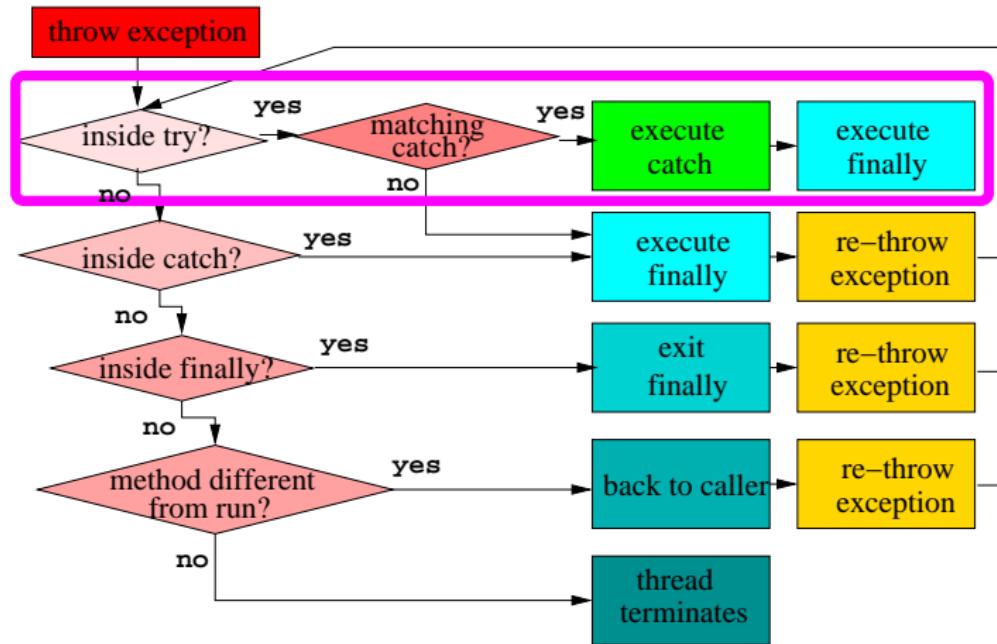
Semantics: Exception handling

```
void m(){
    try{
        v = new E();
        throw v; //v IS THROWN
        stmt;
    }
    catch (E' u){
        stmt;
    }
    finally{
        u = new E''();
        throw u; //u IS THROWN
    } //u IS RETHROWN
    stmt;
}
```

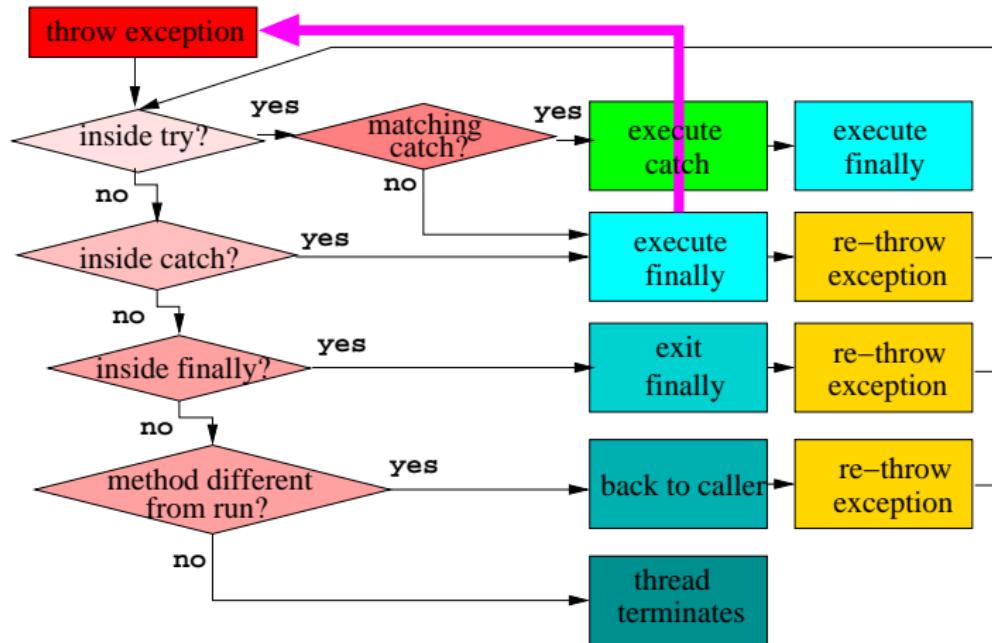
Semantics: Exception handling



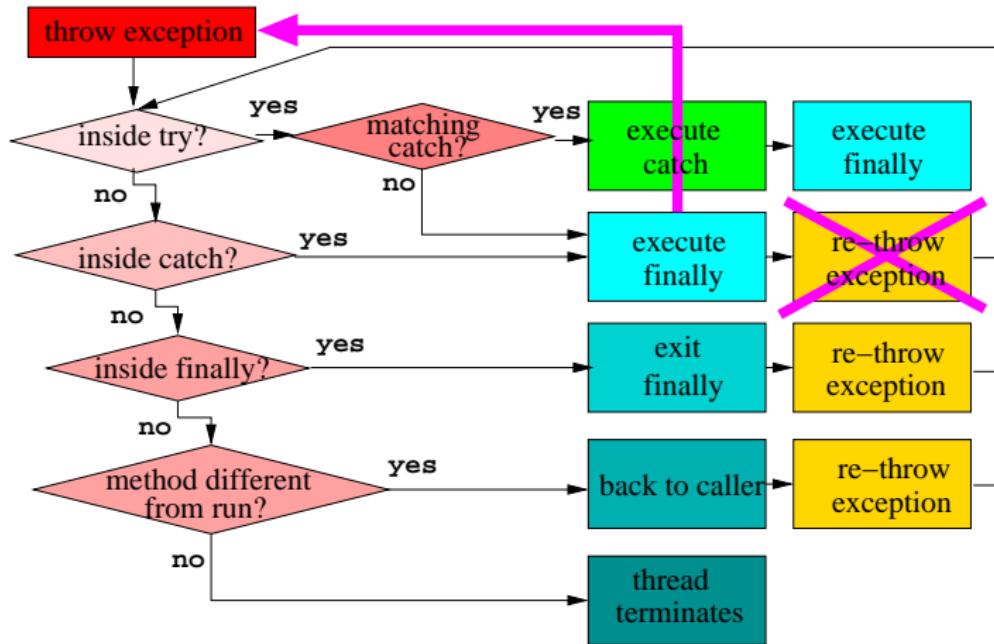
Semantics: Exception handling



Semantics: Exception handling



Semantics: Exception handling



Abstract syntax

$e ::= x \mid u \mid \text{this} \mid \text{null} \mid f(e, \dots, e)$
 $e_{ret} ::= \epsilon \mid e$
 $stm ::= x := e$
 | $u := e \mid u := \text{new}^c \mid u := e.m(e, \dots, e) \mid e.m(e, \dots, e)$
 | $\text{throw } e$
 | $\text{try } stm \text{ catch } (c \ u) \ stm \dots \text{ catch } (c \ u) \ stm \text{ finally } stm \text{ yrt}$
 | $\epsilon \mid stm; \ stm \mid \text{if } e \text{ then } stm \text{ else } stm \text{ fi} \mid \text{while } e \text{ do } stm \text{ od} \dots$
 $modif ::= \text{nsync} \mid \text{sync}$
 $meth ::= modif m(u, \dots, u)\{ \ stm; \text{ return } e_{ret} \}$
 $meth_{run} ::= \text{nsync run}()\{ \ stm; \text{ return } \}$
 $meth_{predef} ::= meth_{start} \ meth_{wait} \ meth_{notify} \ meth_{notifyAll}$
 $class ::= \text{class } c\{meth\dots meth \ meth_{run} \ meth_{predef}\}$
 $class_{main} ::= \text{class}$
 $prog ::= \langle class\dots class \ class_{main} \rangle$

Semantics

states

local	τ	values of local vars
global	σ	values of instance vars for each <i>existing</i> object

configurations

local	(α, τ, stm)	local state + point of exec.
thread	$(\alpha_0, \tau_0, stm_0) \dots (\alpha_n, \tau_n, stm_n)$	stack of local confs
global	$\langle T, \sigma \rangle$	set of thread confs + global state

Impressionistic view on SOS

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{try } \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \textit{sim})\}, \sigma \rangle \quad \text{TRY} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{yrt}; \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \quad \text{FINALLY}_{\text{out}} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } \beta; \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \quad \text{FINALLY}_{\text{out}}^{\text{exc}} \\
 \hline
 \frac{n \geq 0}{\langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{catch } (c_1 u_1) \textit{stm}_1 \dots \text{catch } (c_n u_n) \textit{stm}_n \text{ finally } \textit{stm}' \text{ yrt}; \textit{stm}'\}), \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow} \text{FINALLY}_{\text{in}} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{catch } (c_1 u_1) \textit{stm}_1 \dots \text{catch } (c_n u_n) \textit{stm}_n \text{ yrt; } \textit{stm}'\}), \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \\
 \hline
 \frac{\begin{array}{l} \textit{stm} \text{ is try-closed} \quad \textit{stm}' = \text{catch } (c_1 u_1) \textit{stm}_1 \dots \text{catch } (c_n u_n) \textit{stm}_n \text{ finally } \textit{stm}_{n+1} \text{ yrt} \\ 1 \leq i \leq n \quad [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau} \in \text{Val}^{\beta} \quad \forall 1 \leq j < i, [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau_j} \notin \text{Val}^{\beta} \\ \tau' = \tau[u_i \mapsto [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau}] \end{array}}{\langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}' \textit{stm}''); \textit{stm}''\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow} \text{CATCH} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}' \textit{stm}''); \textit{stm}''\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau', \textit{stm} \text{ finally } \textit{stm}_{n+1} \text{ yrt; } \textit{stm}''), \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \\
 \hline
 \frac{\begin{array}{l} \textit{stm} \text{ is try-closed} \quad \textit{stm}' = \text{catch } (c_1 u_1) \textit{stm}_1 \dots \text{catch } (c_n u_n) \textit{stm}_n \text{ finally } \textit{stm}_{n+1} \text{ yrt} \\ [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau} = \beta \neq \text{null} \quad 0 \leq n \quad \forall 1 \leq i \leq n, [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau_i} \notin \text{Val}^{\beta} \end{array}}{\langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}' \textit{stm}''); \textit{stm}''\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow} \text{FINALLY}_{\text{in}}^{\text{exc}} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}' \textit{stm}''); \textit{stm}''\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \textit{stm}_{n+1} \text{ yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm}''), \textit{stm}''\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \\
 \hline
 \frac{\textit{stm} \text{ is try-closed} \quad [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau} = \beta \neq \text{null}}{\langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e, \textit{stm}' \textit{yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm}'')\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm}'')\}, \sigma \rangle} \text{THROWFINALLY} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e, \textit{stm}' \textit{yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm}'')\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{yrt}_\beta; \textit{stm}'')\}, \sigma \rangle \\
 \hline
 \frac{\textit{stm}' \text{ is try-closed} \quad [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(\beta)}, \tau'} = \gamma \neq \text{null}}{\langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{receive } u_{\text{ret}}; \textit{stm}) \circ (\beta, \tau', \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}')\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow} \text{RETURN}^{\text{exc}} \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{receive } u_{\text{ret}}; \textit{stm}) \circ (\beta, \tau', \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}')\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \\
 \langle T \cup \{\xi \circ (\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } \gamma; \textit{stm})\}, \sigma \rangle \\
 \hline
 \frac{\textit{stm} \text{ is try-closed} \quad [\![e]\!]_{\mathcal{E}}^{x^{(a)}, \tau} = \beta \neq \text{null}}{\langle T \cup \{(\alpha, \tau, \text{throw } e; \textit{stm}; \text{return})\}, \sigma \rangle \longrightarrow \langle T \cup \{(\alpha, \tau, \text{return}_\beta)\}, \sigma \rangle} \text{TERMINATE}^{\text{exc}}
 \end{array}$$

introduction

The programming language

The assertional proof system

assertion language

verification conditions

conclusion

The assertional proof system

Verification process:

1. define a proof outline through
 - augmentation by auxiliary variables and
 - annotation, which specifies invariant properties.
2. generate verification conditions for
 - initial correctness and
 - for the inductive step for
 - local correctness,
 - interference freedom test, and
 - cooperation test.
3. prove the verification conditions

Augmentation

Built-in auxiliary variables:

- local configuration id: aux. local variable
- thread id: aux. formal parameter
- identification of caller: aux. formal parameter
- capture monitor discipline: aux. instance variables
- exception handling: aux. local variables store the thrown but not yet caught exceptions

Augmentation

User-defined augmentation: (for exceptions)

- $\text{throw } e \langle \vec{y} := \vec{e} \rangle^{\text{throw}}$
- $\text{try} \dots \text{yrt} \langle \vec{y} := \vec{e} \rangle^{\text{rethrow}}$
- $u := e_0.m(\vec{e}); \langle \vec{y}_1 := \vec{e}_1 \rangle^{\text{!call}} \langle \vec{y}_4 := \vec{e}_4 \rangle^{\text{?ret}} \langle \vec{y}' := \vec{e}' \rangle^{\text{rethrow}}$
- $\langle \vec{y}_2 := \vec{e}_2 \rangle^{\text{?call}} \text{ stm; return } e_{\text{ret}} \langle \vec{y}_3 := \vec{e}_3 \rangle^{\text{!ret}}$
- ...

The assertion language

Local sublanguage: properties of method execution

$$\begin{aligned} \text{exp}_l & ::= z \mid x \mid u \mid \text{this} \mid \text{null} \mid f(\text{exp}_l, \dots, \text{exp}_l) \\ \text{ass}_l & ::= \text{exp}_l \mid \neg \text{ass}_l \mid \text{ass}_l \wedge \text{ass}_l \\ & \quad \mid \exists z: \text{Int. ass}_l \dots \\ & \quad \mid \exists(z: \text{Object}) \in \text{exp}_l. \text{ass}_l \mid \exists(z: \text{Object}) \sqsubseteq \text{exp}_l. \text{ass}_l \end{aligned}$$

Global sublanguage: properties of communication/object structure

$$\begin{aligned} \text{exp}_g & ::= z \mid \text{exp}_g.x \mid \text{null} \mid f(\text{exp}_g, \dots, \text{exp}_g) \\ \text{ass}_g & ::= \text{exp}_g \mid \neg \text{ass}_g \mid \text{ass}_g \wedge \text{ass}_g \mid \exists z. \text{ass}_g \end{aligned}$$

Annotation

An **annotation** assigns

- local **assertions** to all control points;
- a **class invariant** to each class;
- a **global invariant** to the program.

For example:

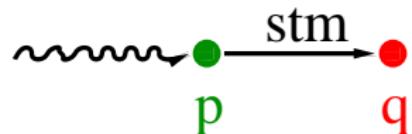
- $\{p_0\} \text{ throw } e \{p_1\}^{\text{throw}} \langle \vec{y} := \vec{e} \rangle^{\text{throw}} \{p_2\}$
- $\{p_0\} \text{ try...yrt } \{p_1\}^{\text{exc}} \{p_2\}^{\text{rethrow}} \langle \vec{y} := \vec{e} \rangle^{\text{rethrow}} \{p_3\}$
- $\{p_0\} u := e_0.m(\vec{e}); \dots \{p_1\}^{\text{exc}} \{p_2\}^{\text{rethrow}} \langle \vec{y}' := \vec{e}' \rangle^{\text{rethrow}} \{p_3\}$

Example: Proof outline

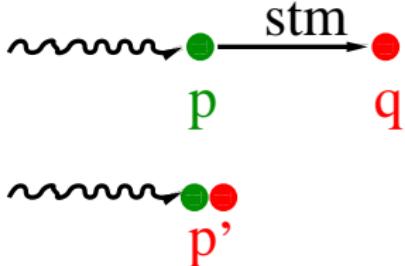
```
class Inc{
    int x;
    public void m(){
        try {
            while (true){
                inc(); {x == 100 ∧ hastype(exc, E)}exc
            } {false}
        }
        catch (E u){{x == 100} }
        finally { {x == 100} } {x == 100}exc {x == 100}
        return;
    }
    public synchronized void inc(){
        E v;
        if (x==100) { {x == 100}
            v = new E(); {x == 100 ∧ hastype(v, E)}
            throw v; {false}
        } {x!=100}
        x = x+1;
        return;
    }
}
```

Verification conditions

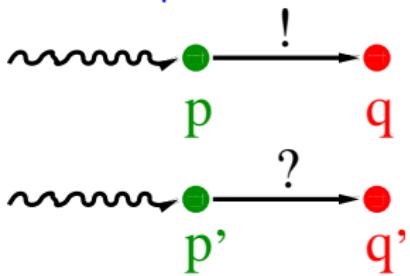
Local correctness:



Interference freedom:



Cooperation test:



Local correctness

$\{p\}$	try	$\{p_0\}$	$\dots \{q_0\}$	throw $e\dots$	$\{p'_0\}$	
	catch($c_1 u_1$)	$\{p_1\}$	stm_1		$\{p'_1\}$...
	catch($c_n u_n$)	$\{p_n\}$	stm_n		$\{p'_n\}$	
	finally	$\{p_{\text{fin}}\}$	stm_{fin}		$\{p'_{\text{fin}}\}$	
	yrt			$\{p_{\text{exc}}\}^{\text{exc}}$	$\{p'\}$	

$\models_L \{q_0 \wedge e \neq \text{null} \wedge \text{hastype}(e, c_i) \wedge \forall 1 \leq j < i. \neg \text{hastype}(e, c_j)\}$
 $u_i := e;$
 $\{p_i\}$

Local correctness

$\{p\}$	try	$\{p_0\}$	$\dots \{q_0\}$	throw $e\dots$	$\{p'_0\}$	
	catch($c_1 u_1$)	$\{p_1\}$	stm_1		$\{p'_1\}$	\dots
	catch($c_n u_n$)	$\{p_n\}$	stm_n		$\{p'_n\}$	
	finally	$\{p_{fin}\}$	stm_{fin}		$\{p'_{fin}\}$	
	yrt				$\{p_{exc}\}^{exc}$	$\{p'\}$

$\models_{\mathcal{L}} \{q_0 \wedge e \neq \text{null} \wedge \text{hastype}(e, c_i) \wedge \forall 1 \leq j < i. \neg \text{hastype}(e, c_j)\}$

$u_i := e;$

$\{p_i\}$

$\models_{\mathcal{L}} \{q_0 \wedge e \neq \text{null} \wedge \forall 1 \leq j \leq n. \neg \text{hastype}(e, c_j)\}$

$u := e;$

$\{p_{fin}\}$

Interference freedom

- Variables **shared** within one instance \Rightarrow interference
- When exactly can different method executions interfere?
 - different threads, except one is starting the other
 - the same thread, except *matching* communication pairs

$$\models_{\mathcal{L}} \text{pre}(\vec{y} := \vec{e}) \wedge q' \wedge \text{interferes}(q', \vec{y} := \vec{e}) \rightarrow q'[\vec{e}/\vec{y}]$$

where $\text{interferes}(q', \vec{y} := \vec{e})$ is defined as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{thread} = \text{thread}' &\rightarrow \text{waits_for_ret}(q, \vec{y} := \vec{e}) \wedge \\ \text{thread} \neq \text{thread}' &\rightarrow \neg \text{self_start}(q, \vec{y} := \vec{e}) . \end{aligned}$$

Cooperation test for exceptions

caller: $u_{ret} := e_0.m(\vec{e}) \dots \{p_1\}^{wait} \{p_2\}^{?ret} \langle \vec{y}_4 := \vec{e}_4 \rangle^{?ret} \{p_3\}^{exc}$
 callee: $m(\vec{u}) \{ \dots \{q_1\}^{throw e} \{q_2\}^{throw} \langle \vec{y}_3 := \vec{e}_3 \rangle^{throw} \dots \}$

$$\models_{\mathcal{G}} \begin{aligned} & \{GI \wedge P_1(z) \wedge Q'_1(z') \wedge \text{comm}\} \\ & \text{exc} := E'(z') \\ & \{P_2(z) \wedge Q'_2(z')\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\models_{\mathcal{G}} \begin{aligned} & \{GI \wedge P_1(z) \wedge Q'_1(z') \wedge \text{comm}\} \\ & \text{exc} := E'(z'); \quad z'.\vec{y}'_3 := \vec{E}'_3(z'); \quad z.\vec{y}_4 := \vec{E}_4(z) \\ & \{GI \wedge P_3(z)\} \end{aligned}$$

with

$$\begin{aligned} \text{comm} = & \quad E_0(z) = z' \wedge \vec{u}' = \vec{E}(z) \wedge E'(z') \neq \text{null} \wedge \\ & z \neq \text{null} \wedge z' \neq \text{null} \end{aligned}$$

Cooperation test for exceptions

caller: $u_{ret} := e_0.m(\vec{e}) \dots \{p_1\}^{wait} \{p_2\}^{?ret} \langle \vec{y}_4 := \vec{e}_4 \rangle^{?ret} \{p_3\}^{exc}$
 callee: $m(\vec{u}) \{ \dots \{q_1\}^{throw e} \{q_2\}^{throw} \langle \vec{y}_3 := \vec{e}_3 \rangle^{throw} \dots \}$

$$\models_{\mathcal{G}} \begin{aligned} & \{GI \wedge P_1(z) \wedge Q'_1(z') \wedge \text{comm}\} \\ & \quad \text{exc} := E'(z') \\ & \{P_2(z) \wedge Q'_2(z')\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\models_{\mathcal{G}} \begin{aligned} & \{GI \wedge P_1(z) \wedge Q'_1(z') \wedge \text{comm}\} \\ & \text{exc} := E'(z'); \quad z'.\vec{y}'_3 := \vec{E}'_3(z'); \quad z.\vec{y}_4 := \vec{E}_4(z) \\ & \{GI \wedge P_3(z)\} \end{aligned}$$

with

$$\begin{aligned} \text{comm} = & \quad E_0(z) = z' \wedge \vec{u}' = \vec{E}(z) \wedge E'(z') \neq \text{null} \wedge \\ & z \neq \text{null} \wedge z' \neq \text{null} \end{aligned}$$

Results & tool support

- modular proof system

⇒ *The proof system is sound and (relative) complete*

- Verger

- takes a proof outline as input,
- generates the verification conditions, which are
- verified in PVS interactively
- no exceptions yet

introduction

The programming language

The assertional proof system
assertion language
verification conditions

conclusion

Related work

- Pierik, de Boer [8]
 - inheritance, subtyping
 - sequential
- de Boer, Amerika (Pool) [4] ...
- exceptions in Jacobs/Huisman [7, 6]
- Poetzsch-Heffter, Müller [9], sequential Java.
- M. Huismann, B. Jacobs, et.al (Loop, PVS+Isabelle) [5] ...
- etc.

Conclusion

Future work:

- PVS optimization
- automatic generation of annotation/augmentation
- inheritance etc.
- compositionality

References I

- [1] E. Ábrahám.
An Assertional Proof System for Multithreaded Java — Theory and Tool Support.
PhD thesis, University of Leiden, 2004.
defended 20.1.2005.
- [2] E. Ábrahám, F. S. de Boer, W.-P. de Roever, and M. Steffen.
An assertion-based proof system for multithreaded Java.
Theoretical Computer Science, 331, 2005.
- [3] E. Ábrahám, F. S. de Boer, W.-P. de Roever, and M. Steffen.
Inductive proof outlines for exceptions in multithreaded Java.
In F. Arbab and M. Sirjani, editors, *FSEN '05: IPM International Workshop on Foundations of Software Engineering (Theory and Practice)*. Oct. 1 – 3, 2005), Electronic Notes in Theoretical Computer Science. Elsevier Science Publishers, 2005.
- [4] P. America and F. S. de Boer.
Reasoning about dynamically evolving process structures.
Formal Aspects of Computing, 6(3):269–316, 1993.
- [5] U. Hensel, M. Huismans, B. Jacobs, and H. Tews.
Reasoning about classes in object-oriented languages: Logical models and tools.
In C. Hankin, editor, *Proceedings of ESOP '98*, volume 1381 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*. Springer-Verlag, 1998.
- [6] M. Huismans and B. Jacobs.
Java program verification via a Hoare logic with abrupt termination.
In T. Maibaum, editor, *Proceedings of FASE'00*, volume 1783 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 284–303. Springer-Verlag, 2000.

References II

- [7] B. Jacobs.
A formalisation of Java's exception mechanism.
In D. Sands, editor, *Proceedings of ESOP 2001*, volume 2028 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 284–301. Springer-Verlag, 2001.
- [8] C. Pierik and F. S. de Boer.
A syntax-directed Hoare logic for object-oriented programming concepts.
In E. Najm, U. Nestmann, and P. Stevens, editors, *FMOODS '03*, volume 2884 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 64–78. Springer-Verlag, Nov. 2003.
An extended version appeared as University of Utrecht Technical Report UU-CS-2003-010.
- [9] A. Poetzsch-Heffter and P. Müller.
A programming logic for sequential Java.
In S. Swierstra, editor, *Programming Languages and Systems*, volume 1576 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 162–176. Springer, 1999.